

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Michael D. Gallman,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	Civil Action No. 4:23-cv-2396-BHH
v.	)	
	)	
Lieutenant Freeman,	)	<b><u>ORDER</u></b>
	)	
Defendant.	)	
	)	

This matter is before the Court upon Plaintiff Michael D. Gallman's pro se ("Plaintiff") amended complaint filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. On October 5, 2023, Defendant filed a motion to dismiss pursuant to Rules 12(b)(1) and (6) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. (ECF No. 37.) In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A) and (B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2)(d), D.S.C., the matter was referred to a United States Magistrate Judge for preliminary review.

On March 7, 2024, the Magistrate Judge issued a report and recommendation ("Report"), outlining the issues and recommending that the Court deny Defendant's motion to dismiss. (ECF No. 47.) Attached to the Magistrate Judge's Report was a notice advising Plaintiff of the right to file written objections to the Report within fourteen days of being served with a copy. To date, no objections have been filed.

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to the Court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the Court. *Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The Court is charged with making a *de novo* determination only of those portions of the Report to which specific objections are made, and the Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole

or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). In the absence of specific objections, the Court reviews the matter only for clear error. *See Diamond v. Colonial Life & Accident Ins. Co.*, 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (stating that “in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a *de novo* review, but instead must ‘only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation.’”) (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee’s note).

Here, because no objections to the Report have been filed, the Court has reviewed the record, the applicable law, and the findings and recommendations of the Magistrate Judge for clear error. After review, the Court finds no clear error and agrees with the Magistrate Judge’s analysis. **Accordingly, the Court hereby adopts and incorporates the Magistrate Judge’s Report (ECF No. 47), and the Court denies Defendant’s motion to dismiss (ECF No. 37).** A scheduling order should be entered by the Clerk of Court regarding discovery and dispositive motions deadlines.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

/s/Bruce H. Hendricks  
United States District Judge

March 29, 2024  
Charleston, South Carolina